#### Barnstable County/Cape and Islands Outreach Training Seminar

#### <u>Agenda</u>

- Welcome: Christopher Kelsey
- Review of the goals of this outreach training seminar: Ralph Sacramone

#### Presentation

- ABCC Deputy Executive Director Ryan Melville:
  - 1. Navigation of the ABCC Website.
  - 2. Resources for Local Licensing Authorities.
  - 3. Online application process.
  - 4. Application checklists
  - 5. Review of the FAQ's
  - 6. Enforcement division resources.
- ABCC Executive Director Ralph Sacramone
  - 1. Role of a regulator.
  - 2. Guidelines when reviewing an application.
  - 3. Violation Hearings and Adjudication process.
  - 4. Licensee/Applicant appeal process.
  - 5. Municipality progressive discipline process.
  - 6. Delivery Concerns
  - 7. Compliance checks (Brick/Mortar and Direct to Consumers)
  - 8. Section 34 Sale or Delivery of alcohol to underage individual.
  - 9. Section 34C An individual under the age of 21 in possession of alcohol.

# ABCC License Application Guide

2

The Communities Of Manachusette     Michaldie Beverages Control Commission     St Fourth Street, Suite 3, Chebsen, Mit 62130-2358     serve.manageworkber      Inserve.manageworkber      Inserve.manageworkberve.manageworkberve.manage	<ul> <li>Question 3</li> <li>A detail description of the entire proposed license premise for sales, storage and consumption.</li> </ul>
Total Square Footager: Number of Entrances: Seating Capacity: Number of Entrances: Occupancy Number: Occupancy Number:	storage and consumption.
APPLICATION CONTACT The application contact is the person whom the Roemsing authorities should contact regarding dela application. Ramm Phone Thile Email:	<ul> <li>How many rooms, bathroom, bars ect</li> </ul>

It the Corporation       It the Corporation publicly traded?       Yes       No <b>C.PROPOSED OFFICERS, STOCK OR OWNERSHIP INTEREST</b> List all individuals or entities that will have a direct or indirect, beneficial on financial interest in trihitizense (if g. Stockholders, Officers, Directors, LLC Managers, LLP Patters, Tratters etc.), Altech additional page(s) provided; finecessary, utilizing Addendum A.         On Premises, LLP Patters, Tratters etc.), Altech additional page(s) provided; finecessary, utilizing Addendum A.         It is is listed in this section, must be identical to those filed with the Massachusistis Secretary of State.         The individuals identified in this section, as well as the proposed Manager of Record, must complete a COR Release Form.         Please note the following statuding requirements for Orectors and LLC Managers:       On Premises (E.g. Restaurant) Crub/Hotel) Directors or LLC Managers - At least SDM must, bo US citizens:         Off Premises (E.g. Bestaurant) Crub/Hotel) Directors or LLC Managers - At least SDM must, bo US citizens:       On adjoint must be US citizens:         Off Premises (E.g. Bestaurant) Crub/Hotel) Directors or LLC Managers - At least SDM must, bo US citizens:       On adjoint must be US citizens:         Off Premises (E.g. Bestaurant) Crub/Hotel) Directors or LLC Managers - At least SDM must be US citizens:       On adjoint must be US citizens:
S. PROPOSED OFFICERS. STOCK OR OWNERSHIP INTEREST Ustall individuals or entitles that will have a direct or indirect, beneficial or financial interest in this license (E.g. Stockholden, Officers, Directors, LC Managers, LD Patters, Traustee set: A Attech additional page(s) provided, if necessary, utilizing Addendum A.  The individuals and titles listed in this section must be identical to those filed with the Massachusietis Secretary of State.  The individuals identified in this section, as well as the proposed Manager of Record, must complete a COR Release Form.  Please note the following statutory requirements for Directors and LLC Managers: Of Premises (E.g. Bastavarant/ Clab/Hotel) Directors or LLC Managers - Al least 50% must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Bastavarant/ Clab/Hotel) Directors or LLC Managers - Al least 50% must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers - Al must be US citizens; Off Premises (E.g. Directors or LLC Managers -
List all individuals or entities that will have a direct or indirect, beneficiel or financial interest in this license (E.g. Stockholdern, Officera, Directors, LLC Managers, LLP Patters, Trusters etc.). Attach additional page(s) provided, if necessary, utilizing Addemum A. • The individuals and titles listed in this section must be identical to those filed with the Massachusetts Secretary of State. • The individual's and titles listed in this section, as well as the proposed Manager of Record, must complete a COIR Release Form. • Please note the following statulary requirements for Directors and LLC Managers: on Premises (E.g. Restaurant) Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Us citizens; off Premises(E.g. Instaturanty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restaurant) Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restauranty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restauranty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restauranty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restauranty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restauranty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restauranty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restauranty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be Lus citizens; off Premises(E.g. Restauranty Clabificite() Directors or LLC Managers - At text SDW must be States; Massachusetts residents.
Name of Principal Residential Address SSN DOB
Tide and or Payloun Percentage of Dwnership Director/ U.C. Manager US Citizen MA Resident
TYes TNO CYES CNO CYES CNO
Name of Principal Residential Address 55N DOB
Title and or Position Protentiage of Ownership Director/LLC Manager US Crizen MA Resident
Interandiar Position Percetitage of Ownership Director/LLC Manager US Officer MA Resident
Name of Principal Residential Address SSN DOB
The and or Position Percentage of Ownership Director/LLC Manager US Citizen MA Resident
Name of Principal Penidential Address
Name of Principal Residential Address SSN DOR
This and a Resultion
Title and or Position Percentage of Ownership Director/LEC Manager US Citizen MA Resident
Additional pages attached?

- Question 6
- Disclosure of Criminal history.
- Completion of all fields.
- Percentage of ownership must total 100%. Undisclosed ownership may require another public hearing.

		APPLICATION FOR	A NEW LICENSE	
6A. INTEREST	IN AN ALCOHOLIC BEVE	AGES LICENSE		
Does any indivi-	dual or entity identified in the firence to call alorhol	stantion 6, and applicable att ic beverages? Yes [] No [	achments, have any direct or ind	irect, beneficial or financiel
necessary, utiliz	ing the table format below	A Ves I No L	) is yes, as an table below. At	zach additional pages, if
<b></b>	Name	License Type	License Name	Municipality
		ereeree type	Lik, ense Hanne	withundibrink
60. PREVIOUS	LY HELD INTEREST IN AN	ALCOHOLIC BEVERASES U	CENSE	
intenst in a lice	nse to snil alcoholic bevera	iges, which is not presently he	chments, ever held a direct of ine rid? Yes 🚺 No	firent, beneficial or financial
II yes, list in tabl		pages, if necessary, utilizing I		
	Name	License Type	License Name	Municipality
L				
6C. DISCLOSUE Have any of the	E OF LICENSE DISCIPLIN disclosed licenses listed la	ARY ACTION I question 6Agr 68, ever brea	suspended, revoked or cancelled	47
Yes No	If yes, list in table below.	Attach additional pages, if ner	cessary, utilizing the table format	below.
LARS OF ACTION	Name of Licer	ise City	## ison for suspens	ion, revocation or cancellation
7. OCCUPA	NCY OF PREMISES			
Please complete	e all fields in this section. P	tease provide proof of legal o	ccupancy of the premises.	
<ul> <li>If leasing</li> </ul>	pficant entity owns the prem g or renting the premises, a si	oned copy of the lease is require	d.	
<ul> <li>If the lease of interview</li> </ul>	ase is contingent on the appr t to lease, signed by the appli	oval of this license, and a signed cant and the landloid, is required	lease is not available, a copy of the o	
<ul> <li>If the r</li> </ul>	real estate and business are	owned by the same individuals case between thit two entitles is a	hped in question 6, either individ	ually or through separate
		ant will occupy the premises		
				· ·
Landford Name	*			
Landlord Phon	e	Lan	odlord Email	
Landford Addr	ess			
1		1	Gent were blandt	- i
Lease Beginnin			Rent per Month	
Lease Ending (			Rent per Year	
Will the Landk	ord receive revenue base	rd on percentage of alcohol	sales? CYes	CNo 3
L				
L				

- Question 6A
- Licenses that are currently owned.
- Question 6B
- Former ownership.
- Question 6C
- Disciplinary action concerning current and former ownership. This is a tool to consider character and fitness.

FINANCIAL DISCLOSI	both	-		
A Purchase Price for Real Estate				
B. Purchase Price for Business As	ssets			
C. Other * (Please specify below	1	"Other Coss(s): (i.e. Costs as s	ciated with License Transaction	
D. Total Cost	1	Including but not limited to: Renovations casts, Construc- Inventory costs, or specify a	Property price, Business Assets, tion costs, Initial Start up costs, ther costs):*	
SOURCE OF CASH CONTRIBUT Please provide documentation o		lank or other Fina relial Institution Statem	erstr, Gank Lotter, ølc '	
164119-0 <sup>2</sup> Co			Lof Capitabutuly	
		Total		
SOURCE OF FINANCING Nease provide algoed financia g	documentation.			
SOURCE OF FINANCING Please provide signed linancing Name of Londor	documentation. Amount	Type of Financing	Is the lenster a licensee purvaant to M.GL Ch. 138.	1
Nesse provide signed financing				
Please provide signed financing			to M.GL. Ch. 138.	
Nesse provide signed financing			to M.GL. Cit. 138.	•
Neese provide signed financing			to M.GL. Ch. 138.	
FINANCIALINFORMATION	Amound		to M.GL. Ch. 138. 전 'Yes 도'' No 가'Yes 다 No 전 'Yes 도'' No 도''Yes 도'' No	
Prese provide signed financing Rume of Lendor EINANCLOS, INFORMATION Provide a detailed explanation o 9. PLEDGE INFORMATION	Amount Francisco Contract Cont	Fype of Financing	to M.GL. Ch. 138. 전 'Yes 도'' No 가'Yes 다 No 전 'Yes 도'' No 도''Yes 도'' No	
Nerse provide signed financhog Name of Londor Name of Londor INANELISA. INFORMATION Provide a detailed explanation o  P. PLEDGE INFORMATIO Please provide signed oledge c	Ansunt  Ansunt  ( the form(s) and source  DN  Socumentation.	Fype of Financing	to M.GL. Ch. 138. 전 'Yes 도'' No 가'Yes 다 No 전 'Yes 도'' No 도''Yes 도'' No	
Nese provide signed financing Name of Londor INANELIAL INFORMATION Provide a detailed explanation o  9. PLEDGE INFORMATION	Ansunt  Ansunt  ( the form(s) and source  DN  Socumentation.	Type of Financing	to M.GL. Ch. 138. 전 'Yes 도'' No 가'Yes 다 No 전 'Yes 도'' No 도''Yes 도'' No	
Nense provide signed financing Name of Lendor  Name of Lendor  EINANCLESS. INFORMATION  Provide a detailed explanation o  9. PLEDGE INFORMATIC  Please provide signed oledge c.  Are you setiling approval for a	Ansunt	Fype of Financing	to M.GL. Ch. 138. 전 'Yes 도'' No 가'Yes 다 No 전 'Yes 도'' No 도''Yes 도'' No	

- Financial Disclosure
- Total flow through cost of the transaction.

- Source of Financing
- Proof of where financing is originating from. Proof of funds are required if the total transaction cost exceeds \$50,000.

A.MANAGER I	SER APPLICAT	DATE:							
the individual	that has been ap	pointed to ma	nage and coni	trol-the licensed b	usines	s and pren	líses.		
Proposed Mana	iger Name			Date of Ba	nth [		SSN	[	
Residential Add	Fress				-				-
Email	-			Pho	T	-	_		-1
					ne i_	-	4	_	-
Noase indicate I	how many hours pe	tr week you inste	nd to be on the	licensed premises	1				
CITIZENSHIP/	BACKGROUND INFO	Indiation				_	-	_	_
ire you a U.S. G						'Manager			
				on, Voter's Centifical	te, Birth	Ceruficate	or Natura	Sizetion Pa	pers.
	peen convicted of a								
fyes, fill out the Hitzing the for	<ul> <li>table below and a mat below.</li> </ul>	rttach an affidas	it providing the	details of any and a	all conv	ictions. Atta	ach additi	onal pages	. If necessa
Date	Municipality	/	Charge	Disposition					
					_				
		-				_			
					_	_			
					_	_	_	_	_
	T PEOIMADON			un cher	_		_		
***** provide y	your employment h		Iditional pages,	if necessary, utilizin Employer	ng the f	ormat tseko		nimation	
	your employment h	istory. Attach a Position	iditional pages,	if necessary, utilizin Employer	ng the f	ormat treko		rvisor Nasr	Ne
"#### provide y	your employment h		Iditional pages,		ng the f	ormat tselo		rvisor Nasr	Ne
"#### provide y	your employment h		dditional pages		ng the f	ormet belo		rvísor Navr	Ne
***** provide y	your employment h		Iditional pages,		ng the f	ormat belo		rvisor Navr	ie
"#### provide y	your employment h		Iditional pages		ng the f	ormat belo		rvisor Navr	NB
Meanse provide y	your employment h		iditional pages,		ng the f	ormat belo		rvisor Na%	NC
Messe provide y Start Date	row employment h		dditional pages,		ng the f	ormat belo		rvisor Naer	**
Mease provide y Start Date D.PRIOR DISCIP	Your employment h End Date	Position cfail Interest ict, s	a breen She arus	Employer Ingres of, a license to	sel alc	ahalic ben	Supe	L tres suisie	ret ta
Start Date	Pour employment h End Date Pulskary ACTION a beneficiel or finen Ion? Cives Civ	Position cial Interest ist, o If yes, plear	a breen She arus	Empfoyer	sel alc	ahalic ben	Supe	L tres suisie	ret ta
Start Date	Your employment h End Date	Position cial Interest ist, o If yes, plear	a been the mar	Employer Ingres of, a license to	o sell alc al page	ahalic ben	Supe creges the	L wes subje	ret ta
Start Date	Pour employment h End Date Pulskary ACTION a beneficiel or finen Ion? Cives Civ	Position cial Interest ist, o If yes, plear	a been the mar	Employer Inger of, a license to Ne. Attach additiona	o sell alc al page	ahalic ben	Supe creges the	L wes subje	ret ta
Start Date	Pour employment h End Date Pulskary ACTION a beneficiel or finen Ion? Cives Civ	Position cial Interest ist, o If yes, plear	a been the mar	Employer Inger of, a license to Ne. Attach additiona	o sell alc al page	ahalic ben	Supe creges the	L wes subje	ret ta
Start Date	Pour employment h End Date Pulskary ACTION a beneficiel or finen Ion? Cives Civ	Position cial Interest ist, o If yes, plear	a been the mar	Employer Inger of, a license to Ne. Attach additiona	o sell alc al page	ahalic ben	Supe creges the	L wes subje	ret ta
Mease provide y Start Ease D.PRIOR DISCIP Never you held a disci plinary acti	Pour employment h End Date Pulskary ACTION a beneficiel or finen Ion? Cives Civ	Position cial Interest ist, o If yes, plear	a been the mar	Employer Inger of, a license to Ne. Attach additiona	o sell alc al page	ahalic ben	Supe creges the	L wes subje	ret ta
Mease provide y Start Date D. PRIOR DISOP	Pour employment h End Date Pulskary ACTION a beneficiel or finen Ion? Cives Civ	Position cial Interest ist, o If yes, plear	a been the mar	Employer Inger of, a license to Ne. Attach additiona	o sell alc al page	ahalic ben	Supe creges the	L wes subje	ret ta
Mease provide y Start Date D.PRIOR DISOP Prever you held a disci plinary acti	Pour employment h End Date Pulskary ACTION a beneficiel or finen Ion? Cives Civ	Position cial Interest ist, o If yes, plear	a been the mar	Employer Inger of, a license to Ne. Attach additiona	o sell alc al page	ahalic ben	Supe creges the	L wes subje	ret ta
Menne provide y Start Elate D., PRIOR DISCOP Merrer you held drisc plinary acti	PLINARY ACTION Reme of Lice	Position	when the rest	Employer Inger of, a ficense to be, Attach additiona	>>ell all al page pitt, env	oftalic bevu s. if necessa scittion or	Supe ereges tha ny.utilizin cancellat	L woo subjy g the forma	ret ta
Mene provide y Start Date	Pour employment h End Date End Date End Date End Date End Date ELINARY ACTION Demoty Control Date of Lice Date of Date of Date of Date Date of Date of Date of Date of Date Date of D	Position	when the rest	Employer Inger of, a license to Ne. Attach additiona	s sell all al pages abit, ren s applic	oftalic bevu s. if necessa scittion or	Supe ereges tha ny.utilizin cancellat	L woo subjy g the forma	ret ta

- How many hours will the manager be on the licensed premise?
- Base off the operations of the proposed business type that a manager will be onsite.
- A manager hours should be commensurate with type of proposed business operation.

- Prior disciplinary actions
- This is a tool to consider character and fitness of the proposed manager.

The Board of Directors or LLC Managers of		
The shard of precising of the Managers of the second	Enlity Name	
duly voted to apply to the Licensing Authority of		and the
	Gty/Town	
Commonwealth of Massachusetts Alcoholic Beverages	Control Commission on	

For the following transactions (Check all that apply):

New License	Change of Location	Change of Class California / Semanal	Change Corporate Structure 2+. Corp.
Transfer of License	Alteration of Licensed Premises	Change of License Type in dub research	Pledge of Collateral ne Lawrentwee
Change of Manager	Change Corporate Name	Change of Category 20- Al and them was	Management/Operating Agreement
Change of Officers!	Change of Ownership Interest (LLC Members/ LLP Partners,	issuance/Transfer of Stock/New Stockholder	Change of Hours
and Distributorizic managers	Trustees)	Other	Change of DRA

"VOTED: To authorize

Name of Person

to sign the application submitted and to execute on the Entity's behalf, any necessary papers and do all things required to have the application granted."

"VOTED: To appoint

Name of Liquor License Manager

as its manager of record, and hereby grant him or her with full authority and control of the premises described in the license and authority and control of the conduct of all business therein as the license itself could in any way have and exercise if it were a natural person residing in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts."

A true copy attest,

For Corporations ONLY A true copy attest,

Corporate Officer /LLC Manager Signature

Corporation Clerk's Signature

(Print Name)

(Print Name)

# Entity Vote

#### APPLICANT'S STATEMENT

L.		the:	sole proprietor;	🔲 partner;	corporate principal;	LLC/LLP manage
	Authorized Signatory					
of						
	Name of the Entity/Corporation	n.				

hereby submit this application (hereinafter the "Application"), to the local licensing authority (the "LLA") and the Alc. Beverages Control Commission (the "ABCC" and together with the LLA collectively the "Licensing Authorities") for ap

I do hereby declare under the pains and penalties of perjury that I have personal knowledge of the information subm Application, and as such affirm that all statements and representations therein are true to the best of my knowledge I further submit the following to be true and accurate:

- I understand that each representation in this Application is material to the Licensing Authorities' decision on Application and that the Licensing Authorities will rely on each and every answer in the Application and acco documents in reaching its decision;
- (2) I state that the location and description of the proposed licensed premises are in compliance with state and local laws and regulations;
- (3) I understand that while the Application is pending, I must notify the Licensing Authorities of any change in th information submitted therein. I understand that failure to give such notice to the Licensing Authorities may disapproval of the Application;
- (4) I understand that upon approval of the Application, I must notify the Licensing Authorities of any change in the ownership as approved by the Licensing Authorities. I understand that failure to give such notice to the Licensing Authorities may result in sanctions including revocation of any license for which this Application is :
- (5) I understand that the licensee will be bound by the statements and representations made in the Application, but not limited to the identity of persons with an ownership or financial interest in the license;
- I understand that all statements and representations made become conditions of the license;
- (7) Lunderstand that any physical alterations to or changes to the size of the area used for the sale, delivery, sto consumption of alcoholic beverages, must be reported to the Licensing Authorities and may require the prior of the Licensing Authorities;
- (8) I understand that the licensee's failure to operate the licensed premises in accordance with the statements a representations made in the Application may result in sanctions, including the revocation of any license for v Application was submitted; and
- (9) I understand that any false statement or misrepresentation will constitute cause for disapproval of the Applic sanctions including revocation of any license for which this Application is submitted.
- (10) I confirm that the applicant corporation and each individual listed in the ownership section of the application good standing with the Massachusetts Department of Revenue and has complied with all laws of the Commo relating to taxes, reporting of employees and contractors, and withholding and remitting of child support.



## Applicant's Statement

	Alcoholic B	nonwealth of Massachusetts everages Control Commission AUTHORITY CERTIFICATION	For Reconsideration
AND SHOT			
a had a supervised meaner fail		City /Town	ABCC License Number
the license applicant per	ect all relevant transactions): itions the Licensing Authors	ties to approve the following transact	lons:
New License	Change of Location	Change of Cassine Second Destand	Change Corporate Structure 6x Corp 145
Transfer of License	Alteration of Licensed Premises	Change of License Type 4 s data setaeants	Pledge of Collateral Ins Unmeritantic
Change of Manager	Change Corporate Name	Change of Category to Al Acchainter Mitt	Management/Operating Agreement
Change of Officers/ Directors/LLC Managers	Ourige of Ownership Interest	Issuance/Transfer of Stock/New Stockholde	T Change of Hours
	Trustees)	Other	Change of DBA
PEUCANT INFORMATION			1
Name of Licensee		DBA	
Street Address			
			Zip Code
Manager			Granted under Yes 🛄 No 🛄
<u>Type</u> (Le verteurant, pachage storc) MSCRUPTION OF PRIMISES	Class (Annual or Seasonal) Complete description of th	Category A.P. Wines and Matts 7 All Accobelt	of the Acts of (year)
		e Alensea Drembes	
OCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY	INFORMATION	Time	
OCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY	INFORMATION Date		
OCALLICENSING AUTHORITY opplication filed with the LLA: divertised Yes ]	INFORMATION Date Io ( Date Published	Time	
OCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY	INFORMATION Date Lo [] Date Published Lo [] Date of Notice	Time	
OCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY opplication filed with the LLA: Idvertised Yes [] A Ubutters Notified: Yes [] A	INFORMATION Date Io [] Date Published Io [] Date of Notice	Time Publication	
OCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY opplication filed with the LLA- Idvertised Yes ] P Ubutters Notified: Yes ] P Date APPROVED by LLA	INFORMATION Date Io [] Date Published Io [] Date of Notice	Time Publication	

## LLA Certification Form

#### ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES CONTROL COMMISSION FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS SPRING 2018

The Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission ("ABCC") is charged with the supervision of the conduct of the business of manufacturing, importing, exporting, storing, transporting and selling alcoholic beverages. The ABCC issues the following Frequently Asked Questions to provide guidance to Local Licensing Authorities ("LLAs"), members of the industry, and the public at large, on some of the questions most often asked of the ABCC. Nothing in this document should be considered legal advice but instead should be used as a tool to assist individuals in navigating the sometimes-complicated alcohol laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

This document is divided into two sections: (1) questions related to the retail alcoholic beverages industry; and (2) questions related to the state alcoholic beverages industry.

Please note that anywhere a statute is cited by section number ("§"), it is referring to the Massachusetts Liquor Control Act, M.G.L. c. 138, unless otherwise noted.

#### **RETAIL ALCOHOL LICENSES**

#### THE LICENSING PROCESS

#### 1. When does an individual need an alcohol license?

Section 2 prohibits sale, storage, transportation, importing, exporting, manufacturing with the intent to sell, keeping for sale and exposing for sale without a license. If any individual conducts such activities without a license they are in violation of Chapter 138 and may be charged criminally.

Please be aware that under § 41, the delivery of alcoholic beverages in or from any place that is not a private dwelling house is presumed to be a sale.

#### 2. Who issues restaurant/bar licenses and package store licenses?

The LLA issues retail licenses for both on-premises consumption under § 12 (restaurants, hotels, clubs, taverns, war veterans' clubs, continuing care retirement communities, and general-on-premises) and off-premises consumption under § 15 (package stores, including grocery stores and convenience stores).

The licensing process for § 12 on-premises and § 15 package store licenses involves three steps:

- a) the LLA grants a retail license;
- b) the ABCC approves the granting of such a license;
- c) the LLA issues the license upon payment of the licensing fee.

#### 3. How many classifications of retail licenses exist?

LLAs grant three classifications of retail licenses:

- a) Licenses under § 12 (On-Premises), commonly referred to as a "Pouring License" (e.g. restaurants, hotels, clubs, taverns, war veterans clubs)
- b) Licenses under § 14 (Special), commonly referred to as "One-Day Licenses"; and
- c) Licenses under § 15 (Off-Premises) commonly referred to as a "Package Store License" which can be used in various types of businesses (e.g. package stores, supermarkets and convenience stores).

#### 4. What are the four categories of retail liquor licenses?

Liquor licenses fall into one of four categories:

- a) All alcoholic beverages (wine, malt beverages, and distilled spirits)
- b) Wine only
- c) Malt beverages only
- d) Wine and malt beverages

In certain cities and towns that vote to accept a specific state law, businesses that hold a wine and malt beverages license under § 12 as well as a common victualler's license may be given a permit to sell also cordials and liqueurs. This cordials and liqueurs permit must be granted by the LLA with the approval of the ABCC.

#### 5. How many different types of pouring licenses are there?

Seven different kinds of pouring licenses exist. They are: Hotel, Restaurant, Tavern, Club, General-On-Premises, Continuing Care Retirement Community, and War Veterans' Club.

#### 6. Are there any qualifications for being granted a retail liquor license?

Yes. These qualifications are set by the legislature. The type and number of qualifications for a liquor license depend on who the party is that is applying for the liquor license (i.e. whether the party is an individual, a partnership, a limited liability company or a corporation) and what type of liquor license is being sought.

#### a. "Pouring" Licenses under Section 12

Generally, an individual applying for a "pouring license" under § 12 must be a citizen of the United States and 21 years of age or older. A partnership may hold such a liquor license where each partner is a citizen of the United States and 21 years of age or older.

A corporation may hold such a liquor license provided that a majority of the directors are not aliens and that the corporate licensee appoints a license manager who is an individual, 21 years of age or older, who is a citizen of the United States and has, under § 26, "vested in him [or her] by properly authorized and executed written delegation as full authority and control of the premises, described in the license of such corporation, and the conduct of all business therein relative to alcoholic beverages as the [corporate] licensee itself could in any way have and exercise if it were a natural person." This license manager must be approved by both the ABCC and LLA with respect to his or her character.

A limited liability company (LLC) may also hold such a liquor license. The ABCC applies to LLCs the statutory requirements regarding citizenship and residency for corporations. So, the statutory standards for directors of a corporation are applied to the analogous position within an LLC. The ABCC analogizes the directors or a corporation to managers of an LLC. Therefore, an LLC may hold such a liquor license provided that a majority of the directors are not aliens. The ABCC analogizes the stockholders of a corporation to members of an LLC. There are no statutory requirements regarding citizenship and residency for shareholders of a corporation and likewise there are no statutory requirements regarding citizenship and residency for shareholders of a popoint a license manager as specified in § 26.

No "pouring" license shall be issued to any applicant who has been convicted of a violation of a federal or state narcotic drugs law. There is no time limit after which this disqualification ends.

#### b. "Package Store" License under Section 15

Generally, an individual applying for a "package goods store" or "package store" license (i.e. a license for the sale at retail of alcoholic beverages not to be drunk on the premises where sold) must be both a citizen and a resident of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and 21 years of age or older. A partnership may hold such a liquor license where each and every partner is both a citizen and a resident of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and 21 years of age or older.

A corporation may hold such a liquor license provided that the corporation is organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, that all directors of the corporation are citizens of the United States and that a majority of the directors of the corporation are residents of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. A corporation who holds such a license must appoint a license manager who is an individual, 21 years of age or older, who is a citizen of the United States and has, under § 26, "vested in him [or her] by properly authorized and executed written delegation as full authority and control of the premises, described in the license of such corporation, and the conduct of all business therein relative to alcoholic beverages as the [corporation] licensee itself could in

any way have and experience if it were a natural person." This license manager must be approved by both the ABCC and LLA with respect to his or her character.

An LLC may hold such a liquor license provided that the LLC is organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The ABCC applies to LLCs the statutory requirements regarding citizenship and residency for corporations. So, the statutory standards for directors of a corporation are applied to the analogous position within an LLC. The ABCC analogizes the directors or a corporation to managers of an LLC. Therefore, an LLC may hold such a liquor license provided that all the managers of the LLC directors are citizens and a majority of the managers are residents of Massachusetts. The ABCC analogizes the stockholders of a corporation to members of an LLC. There are no statutory requirements regarding citizenship and residency for shareholders of a corporation and likewise there are no statutory requirements regarding citizenship and residency for shareholders of a corporation and likewise there are no statutory requirements regarding citizenship and residency for shareholders of a corporation and likewise there are no statutory requirements regarding citizenship and residency for shareholders of a license manager as specified in § 26.

No license shall be issued to any applicant who has been convicted of a felony. Further, "no firm, corporation, association or other combination of persons, directly or indirectly, or through any agent, employee, stockholder, officer or other person or any subsidiary whatsoever shall be granted, in the aggregate, more than five<sup>1</sup> such licenses in the commonwealth, or be granted more than one such license in a town or two in a city."

#### c. "Special License" under Section 14

A "Special License" to pour liquor at an indoor or outdoor activity or enterprise may be issued to the responsible manager of the indoor or outdoor activity or enterprise. Such a license is issued by the LLA in the city or town in which the activity or enterprise will be conducted. This type of license may be issued only to a natural person, although this natural person may be a person acting on behalf of a corporation, partnership, or other entity. No person may be granted such licenses permitting sales on an aggregate of more than 30 days in any calendar year. No special license, with only very limited exceptions (i.e. a special license for a dining hall maintained by an incorporated educational institution authorized to grant degrees) shall permit sales on more than 30 days. A special license for a municipal golf course may permit sales on an aggregate of not more than 245 days in any calendar year, in or from any municipally owned building that is operated in conjunction with an 18-hole regulation golf course.

#### i. Special License under Section 14 for All Alcoholic Beverages

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of January 1, 2016, this maximum number of licenses increases from five to seven, and as of January 1, 2020, the maximum number of licenses increases from seven to nine.

Special licenses for the sale of all alcoholic beverages, wine, or malt beverages, or any of these beverages, may be issued by the local licensing authorities only to a person at least 21 years of age acting <u>on behalf of a</u> <u>not for profit organization</u>. No other person may be issued a special license to sell all alcoholic beverages.

#### *ii.* Special License under Section 14 for Wine and/or Malt Beverages

Special licenses for the sale of wine, malt beverages, or both, may be issued by the local licensing authorities to any person. This type of special license may be issued to a person at least 21 years of age who is conducting an activity or enterprise for profit.

Please be aware that no special license under Section 14 shall be granted to any person while his or her application for an annual and or a seasonal license under Section 12 is pending before the LLA.

### 7. Are retail license applicants barred from holding a liquor license if they have been convicted of a crime?

Yes. A § 12 "pouring license" may not be issued to a person "who has been convicted of a violation of a federal or state narcotic drug law."

A § 15 off-premises "package store" license may not be issued "to any applicant who has been convicted of a felony."

#### 8. What is the quota system and on what is it based?

Section 17 places a restriction commonly referred to as a "quota" on the number of § 12 pouring licenses and § 15 package store licenses a city or town can issue. The quota is based on the municipality's population enumerated in the most recent federal census.

In calendar year 2010, the most recent federal census was taken. Each city and town was notified by the ABCC what the quota of license was as determined by this most recent census. Questions about this quota and any newly available licenses may be directed to either the ABCC or to the LLA in any city or town.

### 9. How far does an establishment selling alcoholic beverages have to be from a church or school?

No specified distance. However, under § 16C, premises located within a radius of 500 feet of a school or church shall not be licensed to sell alcoholic beverages unless the LLA determines in writing and after a hearing that the premises are not detrimental to the educational and spiritual activities of that church or school, unless the premises are those of an innholder or unless the parts of the buildings are located ten or more floors above street level. The 500- foot distance under this § 16C is measured in a straight line from

the nearest point of the church or school to the nearest point of the premises to be licensed, as outlined in ABCC regulation 204 CMR 2.11.

### 10. How long does a licensee have to appeal to the ABCC an adverse decision made by the LLA?

A licensee has five days from receipt of the written decision to appeal to the ABCC a decision made by the LLA. The five days are business days.

### 11. How long does a licensee have to appeal a decision made by the ABCC, and to whom does a licensee appeal?

A licensee has thirty (30) calendars days from receipt of the written decision of the ABCC to appeal the decision to the Superior Court.

### 12. What are the most common reasons for license applications being denied or returned without action?

The most common reasons for license applications being denied or returned without action are:

- a) Incomplete application;
- b) Taxes are owed to the State (Department of Revenue (the "DOR") and/or Division of Unemployment Assistance (the "DUA");
- c) The investigator was unable to complete the investigation after numerous attempts to get information from the applicant; and/or
- d) The city/town quota is full.

#### **13.** Can a retailer sell alcoholic beverages by auction?

A § 15 package store may sell wine, malt beverages, and distilled spirits by auction only if the package store applies for and receives the proper license from the LLA with the prior approval of the ABCC.

To obtain such an auction license under § 14A, the package store be issued a license under § 15. These auctions must be held only at the location described on the auction license but may be licensed to be held at "premises which are either the principal place of business or headquarters of the applicant and which are legally zoned to allow such sales, or which are the premises of a licensee under Section 12 or Section 15 of M.G.L. Chapter 138."

The law imposes a number of restrictions and controls on the auction license, one of which restricts the duration and number of auction licenses that may be issued to any package store. No auction license "shall be for a duration of more than ten consecutive

calendar days and no holder of any such temporary license shall be granted more than two such temporary licenses in a calendar year."

#### 14. Can a retailer use his/her license to secure a loan?

Yes, but only under certain conditions. Section 23 states that "any license granted under the provision of this chapter may be pledged for a loan provided approval of such a loan and pledge is given by the local licensing authority and the Commission [ABCC]."

#### 15. What are the different kinds of liquor assets/property that can be pledged?

The law permits three kinds of liquor assets/property to be pledged. These are:

- a) Licenses that authorize the sale of alcoholic beverages;
- b) Corporate Stock in a corporation that holds a license to sell alcoholic beverages; and
- c) Alcoholic beverages themselves which a licensee is authorized to sell.

#### 16. What is the deadline to submit my renewal?

Under § 16A, the deadline to submit renewals for § 12 on-premises and § 15 off-premises licenses is November 30th.

#### **OPERATING THE BUSINESS**

### 17. Do LLAs set the hours during which restaurants can serve alcoholic beverages on weekdays?

To a limit. Massachusetts State Law says that § 12 licensees cannot be barred from serving alcohol between 11:00 a.m.-11:00 p.m. LLAs may grant extended opening hours between 8:00 a.m. and 11:00 a.m. and extended closing hours between 11:00 p.m. and 2:00 a.m. In no event can sales be made between 2:00 a.m. and 8:00 a.m.

#### 18. What are the Sunday hours that a § 15 package store can be open?

A § 15 Package Store/Supermarket/Convenience Store licensee chooses the hours of sale on a Sunday, so as long as the sales do not commence before 10:00 a.m. and conclude no later than 11 p.m., or 11:30 p.m. on a day before a legal holiday.

#### 19. What are the Sunday hours that a pouring license can be open?

A § 12 pouring license can open on a Sunday at 12:00 noon. The exception to this is if the local licensing authority accepts a certain state law, they may authorize a restaurant, hotel, club, or veterans club to open as early as 10:00 a.m.

# 20. If a restaurant occasionally runs out of a popular item on a busy night, can the manager go to a package store and buy a few bottles to temporarily meet his/her customer's demands?

No. All licensed retail establishments, including holders of Special Licenses (so-called "One Day" Licenses), must purchase their alcoholic beverages from a licensed Massachusetts wholesaler, manufacturer issued by the ABCC.

### 21. Can a retailer get a transportation permit to transfer product from one package store to another?

No. Alcohol ordered by a package store must stay on its licensed premises.

### 22. Can everyone bring their own beer, wine, or other alcoholic beverages into an establishment (so-called "BYOB")?

Not if the establishment has a liquor license. If the establishment has a liquor license, then no one can carry onto the premises their own beer, wine or other alcoholic beverages for their own private consumption (so-called "BYOB" or "brown-bagging"). If the establishment does not have a liquor license, then one must check with the city/town in which the establishment is located to learn if there is any local law dealing with bringing one's own beer onto an establishment for personal consumption.

#### 23. Can "non-alcoholic beer" be served or sold to persons under twenty-one?

Maybe. The State Liquor Control Act, M.G.L. Chapter 138, regulates "alcoholic beverages" as that term is defined by law. The law defines "alcoholic beverages" to be "any liquid intended for human consumption as a beverage and containing one half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume at sixty degrees Fahrenheit." Thus, if a product is composed or manufactured so that it contains 1/2% or more of alcohol by volume at sixty degrees Fahrenheit, it is an "alcoholic beverage" and subject to the Liquor Control Act. If a product is composed or manufactured so that it contains less than 1/2% of alcohol by volume at sixty degrees Tahrenheit, it is not an "alcoholic beverage" and is not subject to the Liquor Control Act.

A product that is not an "alcoholic beverage" may be subject to regulation by a city or town under its authority under M.G.L. Chapter 140. Therefore, one must also check the local laws of each city or town about "non-alcoholic beer."

### 24. Is a person dining alone in a restaurant able to order a pitcher of beer to go along with his/her meal?

No. If this order was taken and delivered, or, if such a request were honored, it would be a violation of the ABCC's regulation commonly called the "Happy Hour" regulation, 204 CMR 4.00. This regulation prohibits the sale or delivery of malt beverages or mixed drinks by the pitcher except to two or more persons at any one time. The Happy Hour regulations also prohibit the sale or delivery of more than two drinks to one person.

### 25. Is a person dining alone in restaurant able to order a bottle of wine to go along with his/her meal?

Yes. The exception to "The Happy Hour Regulations" allows one individual to purchase a bottle of wine with a meal. Otherwise, without a meal, a bottle of wine must be served only to two or more people. Should the person wish to take any remaining wine off of the § 12 licensee's premises, the licensee must comply with ABCC regulation 204 C.M.R. 2.18 regarding the resealing of partially consumed bottles of wine.

#### 26. How old do you have to be to tend bar?

At least 18 years of age. Although § 34 prohibits the sale or delivery of alcoholic beverages to a person under 21 years of age, nothing in § 34 prohibits a licensee from employing a person 18 years old or older for the direct handling, selling, mixing or serving of alcohol or alcoholic beverages

# 27. What forms of identification are acceptable to prove that someone is twenty-one years of age or older, so that person may be served, delivered, or allowed to possess or purchase alcoholic beverages?

If a licensee is charged with permitting the service, delivery to, or furnishing of alcoholic beverages to a person under 21 years of age, under current state law, a licensee has a defense only if the licensee can affirmatively prove that prior to permitting the service, delivery or possession of alcoholic beverages by a person, the licensee requested, was shown, examined and reasonably relied on either:

- 1) A Massachusetts Driver's License;
- 2) A Massachusetts Liquor Identification Card;
- 3) A Massachusetts Identification Card;
- 4) A Passport Issued by the United States or a government that is officially recognized by the United States;
- 5) A Passport Card for a Passport issued by the United States; and
- 6) A Military Identification Card.

Reliance by a licensee on any other form of identification to determine proof of age does not give the licensee a defense.

Neither the state Liquor Control Act nor the regulations of the ABCC require identification to be checked as a condition to selling or delivering an alcoholic beverage to any person (except in the case of certain deliveries to consumers at their homes or offices). Each licensee is left to decide for itself what policy to establish on checking identification prior accepting orders for, selling and delivering alcoholic beverages. Some licensees adopt a conservative policy, as they may legally do under the Liquor Control Act and the ABCC regulations, and require proof of age from any person who appears to be younger than thirty years of age and accept as proof of age only the six pieces of identification that give a licensee a defense to any criminal conviction, civil liability and/or administrative prosecution.

Therefore, while a licensee may choose to rely upon any form of identification to obtain proof of age, only these specific six forms of identification provide a defense to a charge of service, delivery, or furnishing of alcoholic beverages to a person under 21 years of age.

#### 28. If a patron is not driving, does it matter how many drinks s/he is served?

Yes. Massachusetts state law prohibits the service of alcoholic beverages to an intoxicated patron under § 69. It is still a violation to serve to an intoxicated person even if person is not driving.

#### 29. Is spirit tasting allowed in Massachusetts?

Yes. These spirit tastings can only be held at premises licensed under § 15 ("package stores") or restaurants, hotels or function halls licensed under § 12. Each spirit tasting event must be conducted in full compliance with the conditions set by Ch. 138.

A farmer-distillery licensed under § 19E of Ch. 138 may also offer free samples on their distillery premises of their brand distilled alcohols.

### **30.** Do restaurants, hotels, function halls and package stores need to meet certain requirements while conducting a wine tasting, malt beverages and spirit tastings?

Yes. Restaurants, hotels, and function halls holding wine, malt beverages and spirits tasting must provide food with the alcoholic beverages and they must not solicit orders for any off-premises consumption. The manager of the restaurant, hotel, or function hall is responsible for controlling the dispensing of the alcoholic beverages and the size of each serving is limited to the following amounts:

- Malt beverages one (2) ounce serving
- Wine beverages one (1) ounce serving
- Spirits beverages one (1/4) ounce serving

Package stores may not charge for any wine, malt beverages or spirits tasting, and they must also limit the above stated serving sizes. All alcoholic beverages tasted must also be available for sale on such premises.

### 31. Can § 12 (on-premises) establishments with wine and malt licenses serve cordials and liqueurs?

Yes. Section 12 allows cities and towns, which vote to accept the provisions of the law, to permit common victuallers licensed to sell wine and malt beverages under § 12 to also sell liqueurs and cordials, subject to approval of the LLA and the ABCC.

### 32. Can a § 15 "package store" licensee take orders from its customers and deliver the orders, containing alcoholic beverages, to the customers?

Yes. However, in order to transport the customers' orders, the licensee will need to obtain a transportation permit from the ABCC to transport and deliver alcoholic beverages sold by the licensee directly to its customers. When delivering orders containing alcoholic beverages, each driver shall carry with him the vehicle permit or a certified copy of it.

Please be aware that only the § 15 licensee or its employees may deliver its alcohol to customers; no third-party delivery services may be used for this purpose.

#### CLUB LICENSES

#### 33. Can "Club Licensees" serve non-members?

Clubs may serve alcoholic beverages only to members of the club. However, subject to regulations made by the LLAs, a <u>guest of a member</u> may be served an alcoholic beverage after s/he has been introduced by the member as a guest. Should the member at any time leave the premises, the bartender can no longer serve the guest and the guest must also vacate the premises.

### 34. May Club Licensees restrict, distinguish or discriminate among their membership regarding entering certain areas of the premises?

No. No club licensee except a club that is distinctly private, may make any distinctions, discrimination, or restriction on account of race, color, religious creed, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability or ancestry relative to the admission of any person to membership in the club, or to admission to the premises as a guest, or relative to the treatment of any member or guest at the club premises.

#### 35. What determines whether a club is distinctly private?

The decision whether a club is distinctly private is based on, but not limited to, the following criteria:

- a) The extent to which the club facilities, alcoholic beverages licenses or both are used for commercial purposes;
- b) Club membership exceeding 200 persons;
- c) The availability of regular meal and beverage services on the premises;
- d) The degree to which the club receives payment for dues, fees, use of space, facilities, services, meals or beverages directly or indirectly from or on behalf of non-members for the trade or business or professional interests;
- e) The frequency with which the premises, or part of it, are used for conferences and meetings sponsored by or on behalf of trade or business or professional enterprises;
- f) The extent to which club facilities, like meal and beverage services, are utilized by non-members;
- g) The degree to which persons are selected for membership in the club on the basis of trade, business or professional associations or achievement;
- h) The number of partners, officers, directors or trustees of trade or business or professional enterprises who are members; and
- i) The club's holding, by lease or otherwise, of any interest in real property owned by a governmental entity or municipality.

#### FINES, THE BOTTLE BILL AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

### 36. Is the ABCC required to accept from a licensee a fine as an offer in compromise in lieu of suspension?

No. The ABCC may accept an offer in compromise in lieu of suspension under § 23 from a licensee or certificate of compliance holder (an out-of-state supplier) if they petition the ABCC to accept this offer in compromise within twenty (20) calendar days following notice of a suspension of the license by the ABCC. The fine to be paid is calculated according to the formula set out in § 23: Fifty percent of the per diem gross profit multiplied by the number of license suspension days, with the gross profit to be determined as gross receipts on alcoholic beverage sales less the invoiced cost of goods sold per diem. In no event is the fine less than \$40.00 per day. It is worth noting that LLAs are not authorized to accept "fines in lieu."

#### 37. Can a bar, restaurant, or hotel offer a free drink?

No. A bar, restaurant or hotel cannot offer any free drinks. However, a bar, restaurant, or hotel can include a drink as part of a meal package under certain circumstances. The ABCC's "Happy Hour" Regulations, and November 23, 2009 Advisory should be consulted for further information.

### 38. Can a bar, restaurant, or hotel increase the price for alcoholic beverages during the evenings when they have entertainment?

No. Alcoholic beverages must be sold to all persons at the same price for a calendar week. A § 12 on-premises licensee cannot change its prices -- up or down -- during the week.

#### **39. Are containers for wine coolers redeemable under the Bottle Bill?**

No. Although several attempts have been made to include containers for wine coolers under the provisions of the Bottle Bill, to date they are not required to be redeemed.

#### 40. May a retailer require that bottles be washed before redeeming the five-cent deposit?

No. A retailer may refuse to accept beverage containers that are not in acceptable condition. The "acceptable condition" depends on the type of container:

- a) A refillable glass container must be able to hold liquid, be able to be resealed, be in its original shape, not be chipped and not be cracked to be acceptable.
- b) A non-refillable glass beverage may be chipped, but may not have the bottom broken out or broken off to be acceptable.
- c) Metal cans and plastic bottles must be easily identifiable and reasonably intact to be acceptable.

A retailer may refuse to accept a container which is not in a reasonably clean condition. All containers must be free of foreign materials, such as paper, sticks, and cigarettes. A retailer may refuse to accept a container that is not empty. State law provides a container is "not empty" if the container "holds a liquid in any significant amount." A retailer may refuse to accept a metal can which is substantially altered from its original shape.

#### 41. May a retailer limit the amount of returnable containers he will accept from a person?

Yes. A retailer may refuse to accept more than 120 containers in one 24-hour period from any one person; however, he may choose to accept more.

### 42. Can a licensee change a manager, stockholder, officer, director, the holder of an interest in the license or take on a new partner or investor at any time?

No. Any change of a licensed manager, stockholder, officer, director, change in beneficial interest or the addition of a new partner or investor is not legal unless and until the new individual(s) is (are) approved by both the LLA and the ABCC.

### 43. When can I start selling and allowing my customers to drink alcoholic beverages on my newly added patio area?

No sales or consumption of any alcoholic beverages can be allowed by the license holder in the patio area unless and until the changes to their location are approved by both the LLA and the ABCC, and a new amended license (with the approved changes added to the description of premises) is issued.

### 44. Can a one-day license or BYOB be issued or allowed at the premises covered by seasonal license during the period that the seasonal license is dormant?

The LLA sets the actual term that a seasonal licensee can operate. The LLA can permit a seasonal licensee to operate as late as January 15th (e.g. The seasonal licensee opens on April 1, 2012 and can operate as late as January 15, 2013). However, no one-day license or BYOB can be issued or allowed on that seasonal license premises during the dormant period of January 16th- March 31st.

### 45. If my approved licensed manager resigns or quits is my liquor license automatically suspended?

No. While a license holder must always have an approved license manager in control of the alcohol license operations, the absence of the approved license manager does not automatically suspend or otherwise affect the license status in any way. The licensee is required to petition the LLA and the ABCC for a change of manager immediately.

#### 46. How can I view the public records of a licensee?

The ABCC complies with the Massachusetts Secretary of the Commonwealth's rules and regulations regarding public records requests and inspections. Generally, a request should be made in writing to the ABCC, which should include a detailed description of the information you are seeking. The ABCC then will provide a response within ten (10) days including the cost for production. Please note that documents not subject to the public records laws will be redacted.

### 47. I am a creditor and a licensee owes money to me. I have learned that the licensee has applied to transfer his license. Can the ABCC stop the transfer until he pays me?

No. In order to stop the transfer of a license based on an outstanding debt to a private individual or business, the individual or business must obtain a court order of an injunction prohibiting the licensee from transferring the license. Then, only a judge may lift the injunction and permit the transfer.

Please be aware that while a party may obtain an attachment under Mass. R. Civ. P. 4.1 against a license issued by the LLA, an attachment does not prohibit the sale or transfer of a license, but instead only encumbers it. Therefore, the ABCC may not prevent the sale or transfer of a license on the basis of an attachment alone. Only a court order and/or injunction prohibiting the sale or transfer of the license is sufficient to stop a sale or transfer of a license.

### 48. Can a Local Licensing Authority restrict a § 15 Package Store from selling "nips," single bottles of beer, etc.?

Yes, an LLA may restrict its granting of § 15 package store licenses to prohibiting the sale of "nips" and single bottles of beer.

#### STATE ALCOHOL LICENSES

#### **General Questions**

### 49. Does the ABCC issue licenses directly to any segments of the alcoholic beverages industry?

Yes. The ABCC is the sole issuing authority for all licenses other than retail licenses and certain "one day" licenses. This includes licensing manufacturers (including wineries, breweries, and distilleries), wholesalers/importers, railroads, airlines, ships, ship chandlers and caterers. It is the sole issuing authority of liquor transportation permits for express or trucking companies, ships, railroads, caterers, and airlines. It also issues permits to salespersons employed by wholesalers and importers, brokers, farmer-wineries, farmer distillers and farmer-breweries.

#### Farmer-Series Licenses

#### 50. Can a farmer-winery sell their wines at a fair or farmers' market?

Under § 15F, an LLA may grant a license to a farmer-winery, licensed under § 19B or licensed in another state, to sell wine for consumption at an indoor or outdoor agricultural event, as sanctioned by the Massachusetts Department of Agriculture, as long as the requirements listed under § 15F are met. A licensee under this section may also offer samples of wine to prospective customers at the agricultural event without charge.

Agricultural events are sanctioned by the Department of Agriculture and generally include farmers' markets and agricultural fairs. The farmer-winery/applicant must submit documentation to the LLA evidencing that the event is sanctioned by the Massachusetts Dept. of Agriculture as an "agricultural event." This type of license is issued at the sole discretion of the LLA and does not require the approval of the ABCC, but cannot overlap any area or premises that is already covered by an existing license.

The ABCC has created an application for a license to sell wine at a farmers' market. Please refer to the ABCC's June 10, 2011 Advisory for more information.

#### 51. What is the difference between a Pub Brewery and Farmer Brewery?

A farmer-brewery license permits a licensee to produce malt beverages and then sell them (a) at wholesale to certain other licensees; (b) at wholesale to any person in any state or foreign country; and (c) at retail by the bottle to consumers for consumption off the brewery premises.

A pub-brewery license, on the other hand, authorizes a licensee to produce malt beverages and sell them at retail to consumers for consumption on the brewery premises.

#### 52. Can I have my brewery, distillery, and winery on the same premises?

If you would like to have a farmer-brewery, a farmer-distillery, and a farmer-winery at the same location, each business must be on separate and distinct parts of the property. In other words, each license would list a different portion of the property as being only for a brewery, distillery, or winery. The premises for each license cannot overlap. However, a licensee that owns more than one type of farmer-series license can apply for a § 19H pouring permit that will permit any and all alcohol produced by it (or for it and sold under its brand name) to be sold for on-premises consumption on any of its farmer-series premises and vineyards/farmlands, so long as the licensee's vineyards/farmlands are operated as appurtenant and contiguous to each other. Please see the ABCC's August 11, 2016, Advisory addressing this permit type.

#### 53. I would like to produce cider. What type of license should I apply for?

Cider is considered wine according to §§ 1 & 19B, so you would apply for a farmer winery license.

#### 54. What permit do I need to sell my beer/spirits at a Farmer's Market?

Malt beverages and spirits may not be sold at farmers' markets. Under § 15F, only wine produced by farmer-wineries may be sold at farmers' markets. A special license must be obtained for a farmer-winery to sell wines at farmers' markets, and the application can be found on the ABCC website.

The ABCC has created an application for a license to sell wine at a farmers' market. Please refer to the ABCC's June 10, 2011, Advisory for more information.

### 55. What is the difference between a Farmer Series license (Brewery/Winery/Distillery) and a Manufacturer's license?

A farmer-brewery license is a license authorizing producing malt beverages from the fermentation of malt with or without cereal grains or fermentable sugars, or of hops, provided that said hops or cereal grains are grown by the farmer-brewer and to sell at wholesale to licensed manufacturers, wholesalers, farmer-brewers, and licensed retailers in Massachusetts, at wholesale to other buyers specified in state law, and at retail by the bottle for consumption off the premises.

A farmer-winery license is a license authorizing producing, rectifying, blending or fortifying wine from fruits, flowers, herbs or vegetables and sell to licensed wholesalers in Massachusetts, to persons in a state or territory in which the importation and sale of wine is not prohibited by law at retail or wholesale, and at wholesale to a person in any foreign country.

A farmer-distillery license is a license authorizing producing, manufacturing or distilling of distilled spirits by the person who grows fruits, flowers, herbs, vegetables, cereal grains or hops for the purpose of producing alcoholic beverages. A farmer-distillery may sell at

wholesale to licensed farmer-distilleries, manufacturers, wholesalers, and licensed retailers in Massachusetts, at wholesale to other buyers specified in state law, and at retail by the bottle for consumption off the premises.

A manufacturer's license authorizes the manufacturing, rectifying or blending of all kinds of alcoholic beverages (or wine and malt beverages) and sale of those beverages manufactured, rectified or blended to other licensed manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers in Massachusetts.

#### **CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE**

### 56. Can an out-of-state supplier/manufacturer (a Certificate of Compliance holder) sell directly to a retailer?

No. An out-of-state supplier/manufacturer (a Certificate of Compliance holder under § 18B) can only sell their alcoholic beverages to licensed Massachusetts wholesalers.

#### **57.** Does Massachusetts require brand registration?

Massachusetts does not require brand registration.

#### DIRECT SHIPMENT OF ALCOHOL TO CONSUMERS

#### 58. Can out-of-state suppliers ship beer or spirits directly to Massachusetts consumers?

No. Only out-of-state wineries may obtain a direct shipment license under § 19F that permits them to ship directly to Massachusetts consumers. In-state farmer-wineries licensed under § 19B may also apply for this license.

Please see the ABCC's November 21, 2014 Advisory regarding direct wine shipping for further details.

#### 59. Can a direct shipment license holder apply for a salesman permit?

No, direct wine shipment licensees cannot obtain salesman permits.

#### **CATERERS**

### 60. As a caterer licensed under § 12C, who do I need to communicate with before catering events?

48 hours before the event, the caterer must provide written notice of the event to the local police chief and Local Licensing Authority. This needs to include a copy of your § 12C caterer's license, a copy of the liquor liability insurance, and emergency contact information for the manager of the § 12C license.

#### 61. Can I buy my alcohol from a package store?

No, caterers must purchase their product from a licensed Massachusetts wholesaler.

#### SHIPS

#### 62. Are there regulations on the serving of alcoholic beverages on a ship?

Yes. This regulation is found in 204 CMR 19.00. These regulations include general restrictions such as:

- 1) All alcoholic beverages shall only be sold or delivered between 8:00 a.m. and 12:30 a.m. on Mondays through Saturdays and between 11:00 a.m. and 12:30 a.m. on Sundays.
- 2) No alcoholic beverages shall be sold or delivered to passengers at dockside or prior to casting off, unless the ABCC gives specific permission in writing.
- 3) On trips of more than two hours, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or delivered to passengers within thirty minutes before the ship docks.

### 63. Are passengers restricted in the number of drinks they may possess at any one time on a licensed ship?

Yes. No more than two drinks shall be sold, delivered or in possession of any one passenger at any one time. The "happy hour" regulations, 204 CMR 4.00, apply to ships.

### 64. Can passengers bring their own alcoholic beverages aboard a licensed ship cruising Boston Harbor?

No. Passengers are prohibited from bringing on board ship their own alcoholic beverages for their own consumption. Passengers may only consume alcoholic beverages aboard a ship that are sold by the ship licensee.

### 65. May a captain terminate service of alcoholic beverages aboard ship whenever he chooses?

Yes. None of the ABCC's regulations limit in any way the power and authority of the Captain of a ship under the Law of the Sea. Therefore, he or she may at any time order the termination of service of alcoholic beverages aboard ship.

#### 66. May a licensed ship owner ask a beer supplier to sponsor a cruise?

No. ABCC Regulation 204 CMR 19.11 states that no "manufacturer, importer, wholesaler, certificate of compliance holder or other Massachusetts licensee shall directly or indirectly sponsor, promote or advertise or use its name or the trade or brand name of any alcoholic beverage in connection with any cruise or event, public or private, aboard a ship. No ship shall allow or accept funds for such sponsorship, promotion or advertisement."

# 67. Can a licensed ship chandler buy liquor from a package store to fulfill an emergency call from a captain out at sea who is running short of liquor and needs an immediate delivery?

No. A licensed ship chandler may not purchase alcohol from a package store to fulfill a ship's need. Ship chandlers may only purchase alcohol from an "authorized source" i.e. a Massachusetts wholesaler (licensed under § 18), a farmer-winery (licensed under § 19B), a farmer-brewery (licensed under § 19C), or a farmer-distillery (licensed under § 19E).

#### **EXPRESS TRANSPORTATION**

#### 68. Is there a one-day permit for one-time shipments?

There is no one-day permit for one-time shipments. The express transportation permit is valid for a calendar year, expiring on December 31st of the given year.

#### 69. Do I need to provide the vehicle registration for each vehicle?

The ABCC does not require vehicle registration information for the vehicles you wish to permit.

#### 70. How much is an express transportation permit?

The master fee is \$150.00 and the fee for each certified copy is \$50.00. If, for example, you want one permit, the total fee would be \$200.00.

#### TRANSPORTATION AND DELIVERY

### 71. Can a retailer get a transportation permit to transfer product from one package store to another?

No. The product delivered by the wholesaler must stay on the premises of the package store that ordered the alcoholic beverages.

#### **BROKERS**

#### 72. Do I need a license to transport samples?

A broker cannot transport samples. However, a broker can hire a salesman who, when licensed, may transport samples.

#### 73. Can I solicit orders from retailers or at events?

A broker cannot sell any alcohol at retail; a broker may only sell to wholesalers.

#### 74. What is "soliciting orders"? Do I need a broker license?

To solicit orders, a broker's license issued under Section 18A of Chapter 138 is required.

Solicitation is any direct or indirect request for an order for alcoholic beverages and/or alcohol. This includes:

- 1) any oral request that is made in person, by telephone, radio or television or other advertising or communications media;
- any written or otherwise recorded or published request that is mailed, sent, delivered, circulated, distributed, posted in a public place, or advertised or communicated by press, telegraph, television or other media;
- any sale of, offer or attempt to sell, any advertisement, advertising space, sponsorship, book, card, chance, coupon, device, food, magazine, merchandise, newspaper, subscription, ticket or other service or tangible good, thing or item of value; or
- 4) any announcement requesting the public to attend an appeal, assemblage, athletic or competitive event, carnival, circus, concert, contest, dance, entertainment, exhibition, exposition, game, lecture, meal, party, show, social gathering or other performance or event of any kind.

#### **SALESMEN**

#### 75. What is acceptable for proof of Massachusetts Residency?

The following are acceptable forms of proof of Massachusetts residency:

- 1) Current Massachusetts learner's permit, MA driver's license, or ID card;
- A current utility bill (gas, electric, telephone or cable) in your name sent to you at your Massachusetts address dated within the previous 30 days. The bill may be one mailed to you or an online bill that you printed out; and
- 3) Home mortgage, lease, or loan contracts with the customer's name, residential address, and signature (dated within 12 months of application).

#### 76. Do I need to be a US citizen to be a salesman?

No. There is no requirement that you be a US citizen to be licensed as a salesman under Section 19A.

#### 77. What are the guidelines regarding sampling at package stores?

The guidelines can be found in § 15.

#### SPECIAL PERMITS

#### 78. What is the limit for household effects?

Should you want to transport alcohol within Massachusetts for your own use and use of your family and guests without a license or permit, you may transport at any one time, up to twenty gallons of malt beverages, three gallons or any other alcoholic beverage, or one gallon of distilled spirits.

Should you wish to import your own personal supply of alcohol into Massachusetts for personal use and not for resale, you must apply for a permit under Section 22A of Chapter 138. There is no limit on the amount of personally owned alcohol you may import with this permit.

#### 79. What if I don't have a Massachusetts address yet?

If you do not yet have a Massachusetts address and want to bring in your personal collection of alcohol, please write a letter to the Commission explaining your situation and the Commission will handle each request on a case-by-case basis.

#### 80. Who can I sell my alcohol to once I get a liquidation permit?

When a retail licensee (package store or restaurant/bar) is closing, the licensee can apply for a special liquidation permit from the ABCC in order to sell its inventory. Once the permit is obtained from the ABCC, the licensee can sell its alcohol to any other retail licensee (package store or restaurant/bar). The licensee can also return its inventory to its wholesalers. The permit application can be found on the ABCC's website.